

# DPP

DAILY PRACTICE PROBLEMS

Class : XIth  
Date :

Subject : Maths  
DPP No. : 1

## Topic :-Binomial Theorem

1. If  $(1+x)^{15} = C_0 + C_1x + C_2x^2 + \dots + C_{15}x^{15}$ , then  $C_2 + 2C_3 + 3C_4 + \dots + 14C_{15}$  is equal to  
 a)  $14 \cdot 2^{14}$       b)  $13 \cdot 2^{14} + 1$       c)  $13 \cdot 2^{14} - 1$       d) None of these
2. If the coefficients of second, third and fourth terms in the expansion of  $(1+x)^{2n}$  are in A.P., then  
 a)  $2n^2 + 9n + 7 = 0$       b)  $2n^2 - 9n + 7 = 0$       c)  $2n^2 - 9n - 7 = 0$       d) None of these
3. If  $|x| < \frac{1}{2}$ , then the coefficient of  $x^r$  in the expansion of  $\frac{1+2x}{(1-2x)^2}$ , is  
 a)  $r2^r$       b)  $(2r-1)2^r$       c)  $r2^{2r+1}$       d)  $(2r+1)2^r$
4.  $\binom{30}{0}\binom{30}{10} - \binom{30}{1}\binom{30}{11} + \dots + \binom{30}{20}\binom{30}{30}$  is equal to  
 a)  ${}^{30}C_{11}$       b)  ${}^{60}C_{10}$       c)  ${}^{30}C_{10}$       d)  ${}^{65}C_{55}$
5. If  $(1-x+x^2)^n = a_0 + a_1x + a_2x^2 + \dots + a_{2n}x^{2n}$ , then  $a_0 + a_2 + a_4 + \dots + a_{2n}$  is equal to  
 a)  $\frac{3^n + 1}{2}$       b)  $\frac{3^n - 1}{2}$       c)  $\frac{3^{n-1} + 1}{2}$       d)  $\frac{3^{n-1} - 1}{2}$
6. If  $C_0, C_1, C_2, \dots, C_n$  denote the binomial coefficient in the expansion of  $(1+x)^n$ , then  
 $C_0 \frac{C_1}{2} + C_2 \frac{C_3}{3} + \dots + C_n \frac{C_{n+1}}{n+1}$  is equal to  
 a)  $\frac{2^{n+1} - 1}{n+1}$       b)  $\frac{2^n - 1}{n}$       c)  $\frac{2^{n-1} - 1}{n-1}$       d)  $\frac{2^{n+1} - 1}{n+2}$
7. If the ratio of the 7<sup>th</sup> term from the beginning to the seventh term from the end in the expansion of  $(\sqrt[3]{2} + \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{3}})^x$  is  $\frac{1}{6}$  then  $x$ , is  
 a) 9      b) 6, 15      c) 12, 9      d) None of these
8. If in the expansion of  $\left(x^3 - \frac{1}{x^2}\right)^n$ ,  $n \in \mathbb{N}$ , sum of the coefficients of  $x^5$  and  $x^{10}$  is zero, then  $n =$   
 a) 5      b) 10      c) 15      d) 20
9. The range of the values of the term independent of  $x$  in the expansion of  $\left(x \sin^{-1} \alpha + \frac{\cos^{-1} \alpha}{x}\right)^{10}$ ,  $\alpha \in [-1, 1]$  is  
 a)  $\left[ \frac{{}^{10}C_5 \cdot \pi^{10}}{2^5}, -\frac{{}^{10}C_5 \pi^{10}}{2^{20}} \right]$   
 b)  $\left[ -\frac{{}^{10}C_5 \cdot \pi^{10}}{2^5}, \frac{{}^{10}C_5 \cdot \pi^{10}}{2^{20}} \right]$   
 c)  $\left[ \frac{{}^{10}C_5 \cdot \pi^5}{2^5}, \frac{{}^{10}C_5 \cdot \pi^5}{2^{20}} \right]$   
 d)  $\left[ -\frac{{}^{10}C_5 \cdot \pi^5}{2^5}, \frac{{}^{10}C_5 \cdot \pi^5}{2^{20}} \right]$
10.  $\binom{30}{0}\binom{30}{10} - \binom{30}{1}\binom{30}{11} + \dots + \binom{30}{20}\binom{30}{30}$  is equal to  
 a)  ${}^{30}C_{11}$       b)  ${}^{60}C_{10}$       c)  ${}^{30}C_{10}$       d)  ${}^{65}C_{55}$
11. The  $r$ th terms in the expansion of  $(a + 2n)^n$  is  
 a)  $\frac{n(n+1) \dots (n-r+1)}{r!} a^{n-r+1} (2x)^r$   
 b)  $\frac{n(n-1) \dots (n-r+2)}{(r-1)!} a^{n-r+1} (2x)^{r-1}$   
 c)  $\frac{n(n+1) \dots (n-r)}{r+1} a^{n-r} (x)^r$   
 d) None of the above
12. The coefficient of  $t^{24}$  in the expansion of  $(1+t^2)^{12}(1+t^{12})(1+t^{24})$  is  
 a)  ${}^{12}C_6 + 2$       b)  ${}^{12}C_5$       c)  ${}^{12}C_6$       d)  ${}^{12}C_7$

13. The coefficient of  $x^n$  in the expansion of  $\frac{(1+x)^2}{(1-x)^3}$  is  
 a)  $n^2 + 2n + 1$       b)  $2n^2 + n + 1$       c)  $2n^2 + 2n + 1$       d)  $n^2 + 2n + 2$
14. The sum of the coefficient in the expansion of  $(1 + x - 3x^2)^{3148}$  is  
 a) 8      b) 7      c) 1      d) -1
15. If  $C_r$  stands for  ${}^nC_r$ , then the sum of first  $(n + 1)$  terms of the series  $a C_0 - (a + d)C_1 + (a + 2d)C_2 - (a + 3d)C_3 + \dots$ , is  
 a)  $\frac{a}{2^n}$       b)  $na$       c) 0      d) None of these
16. The value of  $\frac{18^3 + 7^3 + 3 \cdot 18 \cdot 7 \cdot 25}{3^6 + 6 \cdot 243 \cdot 2 + 15 \cdot 181 \cdot 4 + 20 \cdot 27 \cdot 8 + 15 \cdot 9 \cdot 16 + 6 \cdot 3 \cdot 32 + 64}$ , is  
 a) 10      b) 1      c) 2      d) 20
17. The coefficient of  $x^5$  in the expansion of  $(1 + x^2)^5(1 + x)^4$ , is  
 a) 30      b) 60      c) 40      d) None of these
18. If  $n = 5$ , then  $({}^nC_0)^2 + ({}^nC_1)^2 + ({}^nC_2)^2 + \dots + ({}^nC_5)^2$  is equal to  
 a) 250      b) 254      c) 245      d) 252
19. The coefficient of  $x^{50}$  in the expression  $(1 + x)^{1000} + 2x(1 + x)^{999} + 3x^2(1 + x)^{998} + \dots + 1001x^{1000}$  is  
 a)  ${}^{1000}C_{50}$       b)  ${}^{1001}C_{50}$       c)  ${}^{1002}C_{50}$       d)  ${}^{1000}C_{51}$
20. For  $|x| < 1$ , the constant term in the expansion of  $\frac{1}{(x-1)^2(x-2)}$  is  
 a) 2      b) 1      c) 0      d)  $-\frac{1}{2}$

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