

Class: XIth
Date:
Subject: BIOLOGY
DPP No.: 2

Topic :- Photosynthesis in Higher Plants						
1.	In sugarcane plant, ¹⁴ CO ₂ is fixed in a malic acid, in a) Ribulose phosphate kinase c) Ribulose bisophosphate carboxylase		which the enzyme that fixes carbon dioxide is b) Fructose phosphatase d) Phosphoenol Pyruvic acid carboxylase			
2.	For yielding one molecula) Two times	e of glucose, the <mark>Calvin cy</mark> b) Four times	cle turns c) Six times	d) Eight times		
3.	The light reaction of photos a) ${\rm NaDH}_2$	tosynthesis <mark>end up in the</mark> b) ATP	formation of c) Sugar	d) NADPH ₂		
4.	In leaves of C ₄ -plants, ma a) Epidermal cells	nlic acid <mark>synthesis during o</mark> b) Mesophyll cells	carbon dioxide fixation oc c) Bundle sheath cells	curs in d) Guard cells		
5.	Biosynthetic phase of pho a) Lipid	otos <mark>ynthes</mark> is is the format b) Fat	cion of c) Protein	d) Sugars		
6.	What happen to the chlora) They become reduced c) They lose potential en	roplast pigment when the	absorb light? b) They become excited d) Calvin cycle is triggered			
7.	In C ₄ -pathway, the first p a) 3-PGA	oroduct identified was b) OAA	c) 2-PGA	d) 1-3DPGA		
8.	Law of limiting factors w a) Leibig	as given by b) Blackman	c) Calvin	d) Arnon		
9.	PS-I in cyclic photophosphorylation is involved in the formation ofA byB movement of electrons What does A and B refer here? a) A-ATP; B-down hill redox potential c) A-NADH + H ⁺ ; B-down hill energy d) A-NADPH + H ⁺ ; B-down hill energy					
10.	The green-coloured pigment present in all autotrophs was named chlorophyll by a) Pelletier Caventou b) Julius Robert Mayer c) Jean Senebier d) Melvin Calvin					
11.	Within the chloroplast, the I. grana II. stroma lamellae III. fluid stroma Choose the correct option		ystem consisting of			



Calvin cycle.

	a) I and II	b) II and III	c) I and III	d) I, II and III			
12.	Joseph Priestley observed that when mouse alone was placed in a closed bell jar with burning candle, it was suffocated and candle burning extinguished but when mouse was placed with a mint plant in the same bell jar, that mouse stayed alive and candle continued to burn. What he concluded from this experiment?						
	a) Burning candle remove the airc) Both (a) and (b)		b) Mint plant restore the aird) CO₂ is required for burning of candle				
13.	Organelles involved in particular line of the control of the correct option a) I and II		c) III and I	d) I, II and III			
14.	The first step in dark reaction of photosynthesis is a) Formation of ATP b) Ionization of water c) Attachment of carbon dioxide to a pentose sugar d) Excitement of electron of chlorophyll by a photon of light						
15.	Calvin cycle is also called a) Calvin-Benson cycle c) Reductive pentose par		b) C ₃ -cycle d) All of the above				
16.	Plants in which the first product of CO_2 fixation is C_3 acid, <i>i. e.</i> , theA pathway, and those in which the first product was C_4 acid (OAA), <i>i. e.</i> , theB pathway Complete the given statement by filling appropriate options in the given blanks a) $A-C_2$; $B-C_3$ b) $A-C_3$; $B-C_4$ c) $A-C_4$; $B-C_2$ d) $A-C_2$; $B-C_3$ 0						
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17.	Photosynthesis is an important process for life on earth because a) It is the primary source of all food on earth b) It is responsible for the release the of oxygen c) It is the only natural process responsible for the utilisation of sunlight d) All of the above						
18.	I Manganese II	the photolysis of water ar Calcium V Chloride b) I, II and IV only	e c) I, II and II only	d) I and IV only			
19.	Calvin cycle represents a) Reductive carboxylati c) Dark respiration	on	b) Substrate level phosp d) Oxidative carboxylation	=			
20.	Identify the correct sequence of enzymes given below which participate in the regeneration phase of						

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- I. Ribulose-5-phosphate isomerase
- II. Ribulose-5-phosphate epimerase
- III. Transketolase
- IV. Triose phosphate isomerase
- a) VI, I, III, II
- b) III, IV, II, I
- c) IV, III, I, II

d) II, I, IV, III



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