a) 1



Subject : CHEMISTRY DPP No. : 3 Class: XIth Date:

	Topic:- Classii	ncauon o	i Lieillei	iis &	remodici	ty in Properties	
1.	The correct order of dec a) $V > Mn > Cr > Ti$	_		_	-	23), Cr (24) and Mn (25) is: d) Cr > Mn > V > Ti	
2.	<ul><li>a) Belong to outermost s</li><li>b) Belong to penultimate</li><li>c) Belong to outermost s</li></ul>	lectrons used in bonding atoms: long to outermost shell long to penultimate shell long to outermost shell and sometimes penultimate shell long to penultimate shell and sometimes to outermost shell					
3.	The discovery of which	of the fo <mark>llowi</mark> n	ng group of el	ements	gave death blo	w to the Newland's law of	
	octaves? a) Inert gases	b) Alkaline	earths	c) Rar	e earths	d) Actinides	
4.	Generally, the first ionis which is not an exceptio a) N and O			J .		are some exceptions. One	
5.	Which one of the follow given oxides?  a) Al <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> < MgO < Na <sub>2</sub> c) Na <sub>2</sub> O < K <sub>2</sub> O < MgO	$0 < K_2 0$	Na and Mg c) Mg and Al d) Be and B orders presents the correct sequence of the increasing basic nature of the $K_2O$ b) $MgO < K_2O < Al_2O_3 < Na_2O$ $d) K_2O < Na_2O < Al_2O_3 < MgO$ ments in the groups of The Periodic Table is				
6.	The basis of keeping the elements in the groups of a) Ionisation potential c) Electron affinity			The Periodic Table is b) Electronegativity d) Number of valence electrons			
7.	I <sup>st</sup> and II <sup>nd</sup> IE of Mg are 7.646 and 15.035 eV respectively. The amount of energy needed to convert a the atoms of magnesium into $Mg^{2+}$ ions present in 12 mg of magnesium vapours is [Given, 1eV = 96.8 kJ mol <sup>-1</sup> ]						
	a) 1.5	b) 2.0		c) 1.1		d) 0.5	
8.	K <sup>+</sup> , Cl <sup>-</sup> , Ca <sup>2+</sup> , S <sup>2-</sup> ions are isoelectronics. The decreasing order of their size is: a) $S^{2-} > Cl^- > K^+ > Ca^{2+}$ b) $Ca^{2+} > K^+ > Cl^- > S^{2-}$ c) $K^+ > Cl^- > Ca^{2+} > S^{2-}$ d) $Cl^- > S^{2-} > Ca^{2+} > K^+$						
9.	The first four ionisation valence electrons in the	element is	s of an eleme	nt are 1	91, 578, 872 an	nd 5962 kcal. The number of	
	a\ 1	h\ 2		۵۱.2		۸) ۸	

d) 4

c) 3

- 10. Which are true statements among the following?
  - (1) PH<sub>5</sub> and BiCl<sub>5</sub> does not exist
  - (2)  $p \pi d\pi$  bonds are present in SO<sub>2</sub>
  - (3) Electrons travel with speed of light
  - (4) SeF<sub>4</sub> and CH<sub>4</sub> has same shape
  - (5)  $I_3^+$  has bent geometry
  - a) 1, 3

- b) 1, 2, 5
- c) 1, 3, 5
- d) 1, 2, 4

- 11. Correct increasing order of first ionisation potential is
  - a) Na < Mg > Al < Si
- b) Na < Mg < Al < Si
- c) Na > Mg > Al > Si
- d) Na < Mg < Al > Si

- 12. Which pair represents isostructural species?
  - a)  $CH_3^-$  and  $CH_3^+$
- b) NH<sub>4</sub> and NH<sub>3</sub>
- c)  $SO_4^{2-}$  and  $BF_4^{-}$
- d) NH<sub>2</sub> and BeF<sub>2</sub>
- 13. The first ionisation potential (eV) of Be and B respectively are
  - a) 8.29 eV, 8.29 eV
- b) 8.29 eV, 9.32 eV
- c) 9.32 eV, 9.32 eV
- d) 9.32 eV, 8.29 eV

- 14. The correct order according to size is
  - a)  $0 > 0^- > 0^{2-}$
- b)  $0^- > 0^{2-} > 0$
- c)  $0^{2-} > 0^{-} > 0$
- d)  $0 > 0^{2-} > 0^{-}$

- 15. The correct order of electron affinity is
  - a) B < C < O > N
- b) B > C > N > 0
- c) 0 > C > B > N
- d) 0 < C < B < N

- 16. Which of the following is a false statement?
  - a) Fluorine is more electronegative than chlorine
    - b) Nitrogen has greater IE<sub>1</sub>than oxygen

c) Lithium is amphoteric

- d) Chlorine is an oxidising agent
- 17. Solid NaCl is a bad conductor of electricity because:
  - a) In solid NaCl there are no ions
  - b) Solid NaCl is covalent
  - c) In solid NaCl there is no velocity of ions
  - d) In solid NaCl there are no electrons
- 18. Which of the following configuration is associated with biggest jump between 2nd and 3rd IE?

  - a)  $1s^2$ ,  $2s^22p^2$  b)  $1s^2$ ,  $2s^22p^6$ ,  $3s^1$
- c)  $1s^2$ ,  $2s^22p^6$ ,  $3s^2$
- d)  $1s^2$ ,  $2s^22p^1$
- 19. Consider the ions  $K^+$ ,  $S^{2-}$ ,  $Cl^-$  and  $Ca^{2+}$ . The radii of these ionic species follow the order
  - a)  $Ca^{2+} > K^{+} > Cl^{-} > S^{2-}$

b)  $Cl^- > S^{2-} > K^+ > Ca^{2+}$ 

c)  $Ca^{2+} > Cl^{-} > K > S^{2-}$ 

- d)  $S^{2-} > Cl^{-} > K^{+} > Ca^{2+}$
- 20. The correct order of ionisation energy for comparing carbon, nitrogen and oxygen is
  - a) C < N > 0
- b) C > N < 0
- c) C > N > 0
- d) C < N < 0