





Class : XIth Date : Subject : CHEMISTRY DPP No. : 3

Topic :- 🤆	Chemical Bondi	ng and Molecul	ar Structure	
General and				
a) CH <sub>4</sub>	b) CCl <sub>4</sub>	c) CO <sub>2</sub>	d) H <sub>2</sub> O	
Shape of molecules i a) Sigma bond o) π-bond c) Both sigma and π- d) Neither sigma nor	-bonds			
The shape of carbon	dioxide is			
a) Pyramidal	b) Tetr <mark>ahed</mark> ral	c) Planar	d) Linear	
c) $N^{3-} > Na^+ > O^2$ c) $Na^+ > O^{2-} > N^{3-}$	dii order is: $> Na^+ > Mg^{2+} > Al^{3+}$ $^- > F^- > Mg^{2+} > Al^{3+}$ $^- > F^- > Mg^{2+} > Al^{3+}$ $> N^{3-} > Mg^{2+} > Al^{3+}$			
Which is not linear?				
a) CO <sub>2</sub>	b) HCN	c) C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>2</sub>	d) H <sub>2</sub> O	
Hybridisation of oxy	gen in diethyl ether is			
a) <i>Sp</i>	b) $sp^2$	c) $sp^3$	d) $sp^3d$	
What is the effect of	more electronegative ator	n on the strength of ionic	bond?	
a) Increases	b) Decreases	c) Remains the same		
Which of the followi	ng two are iso <mark>struc</mark> tural?			

- 9. NF<sub>3</sub> is:
  - a) Non-polar compound
  - b) Electrovalent compound
  - c) Having low value of dipole moment than  $\rm NH_3$
  - d) Having more dipole moment than  $\mathrm{NH}_3$
- 10. Molecular size of ICl and Br<sub>2</sub> is nearly same, but boiling point of ICl is about 40°C higher than Br<sub>2</sub>. This might be due to:
  - a) I—Cl bond is stronger than Br—Br bond

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	COACHING		r				
11.	Which molecule is linea a) H <sub>2</sub> S	ur? b) NO <sub>2</sub>	c) ClO <sub>2</sub>	d) CO <sub>2</sub>			
12.	Which of the following a) Naphthalene	shows minimum melting ı b) Diamond	c) NaCl	d) Mn			
13.	Which of the following a) NH <sub>3</sub>	does not have a lone pair o b) PH <sub>3</sub>	on the central atom? c) BF <sub>3</sub>	d) PCl <sub>3</sub>			
14.	Molecular orbital theor a) Kossel	y was given by b) Mosley	c) Mulliken	d) Werner			
15.	<ul> <li>NH<sub>3</sub> has a net dipole moment, but boron trifluoride (BF<sub>3</sub>) has zero dipole moment, because:</li> <li>a) B is less electronegative than N</li> <li>b) F is more electronegative than H</li> <li>c) BF<sub>3</sub> is pyramidal while NH<sub>3</sub> is planar</li> <li>d) NH<sub>3</sub> is pyramidal while BF<sub>3</sub> is trigonal planar</li> </ul>						
16.	Proton plays an importa a) Electrovalent	ant role inbonding. b) Hydrogen	c) Covalent	d) Coordinate			
17.	Which represents a coll a) Be, Al <sup>3+</sup> , Cl <sup>-</sup>	ection of isoelectronic spe b) Ca <sup>2+</sup> , Cs <sup>+</sup> , Br	ecies? c) Na <sup>+</sup> , Ca <sup>2+</sup> , Mg <sup>2+</sup>	d) N <sup>3-</sup> , F <sup>-</sup> , Na <sup>+</sup>			
18.	<ul> <li>An electrovalent compound does not exhibit space isomerism due to:</li> <li>a) Presence of ions</li> <li>b) High melting point</li> <li>c) Strong electrostatic forces between constituent ions</li> <li>d) Non-directional nature of electrovalent bond</li> </ul>						
19.	In which molecule Sulp a) SO <sub>4</sub> <sup>2-</sup>	hur atom is not <i>sp</i> <sup>3</sup> -hybrid b) SF <sub>4</sub>	dized? c) SF <sub>2</sub>	d) None of these			
20.	In which one of the follo same as that present in a) SF <sub>4</sub>		atom has the type of hybr c) SbCl <sub>5</sub> <sup></sup>	idization which is not the d) PCl <sub>5</sub>			