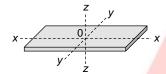


d) None of the above





- 7. A horizontal platform is rotating with uniform angular velocity around the vertical axis passing through its centre. At some instant of time a viscous fluid of mass 'm' is dropped at the centre and is allowed to spread out and finally fall. The angular velocity during this period
 - a) Decreases continuously
 - b) Decreases initially and increases again
 - c) Remains unaltered
 - d) Increases continuously
- 8. Out of the given bodies (of same mass) for which the moment of inertia will be maximum about the axis passing through its centre of gravity and perpendicular to its plane
 - a) Disc of radius *a* b) Ring of radius *a*
 - c) Square lamina of side 2a d) Four rods of length 2a making a square
- 9. The rectangular block shown in the figure is rotated in turn about x x, y y and z z axes passing through its centre of mass 0. Its moment of inertia is



a) Same about all the three axes

- b) Maximum about z z axis
- c) Equal about x x and y y axes d) Maximum about y y axis
- 10. A uniform rod of length L and mass 1.8 kg is made to rest on two measuring scale at its two ends. A uniform block of mass 2.7 kg is placed on the rod at a distance L/4 from the left end. The force experienced by the measuring scale on the right end is
 - a) 18 *N* b) 27 *N* c) 29 *N* d) 45 *N*
- 11. The moment of inertia of a flywheel having kinetic energy 360 *J* and angular speed of 20 rad/s is
 - a) $18kgm^2$ b) $1.8kgm^2$ c) $2.5kgm^2$ d) $9kgm^2$
- 12. The angular momentum of a wheel changes from 2L to 5L in 3 seconds. What is the magnitude of the torque acting on it

a) L b) L/2 c) L/3 d) L/5

- 13. When the angle of inclination of an inclined plane is θ , an object slides down with uniform velocity. If the same object is pushed up with a initial velocity u on the same inclined plane; it goes up the plane and stops at a certain distance on the plane. Thereafter the body
 - a) Slides down the inclined plane and reaches the ground with velocity *u*.

b) Slides down the inclined plane and reaches the ground with velocity less than u.c) Slides down the inclined plane and reaches the ground with velocity greater than u.d) Stays at rest on the inclined plane and will not slide down.

- 14. Moment of inertia of ring about its diameter is *I*. Then, moment of inertia about an axis passing through centre perpendicular to its plane is
 - a) 2I b) $\frac{I}{2}$ c) $\frac{3}{2}I$ d) I
- 15. Three identical metal balls each of radius *r* are placed touching each other on a horizontal surface such





that an equilateral triangle is formed, when centres of three balls are joined. The centre of the mass of system is located at

- a) Horizontal surface
- b) Centre of one of the balls
- c) Line jointing centres of any two balls
- d) Point of intersection of the medians
- 16. Two bodies have their moments of inertia *I* and 2*I* respectively about their axis of rotation. If their kinetic energies of rotation are equal, their angular momentum will be in the ratio
 - a) 1:2 b) $\sqrt{2}:1$ c) 2:1 d) $1:\sqrt{2}$
- 17. A wheel rotates with a constant angular velocity of 300 rpm. The angle through which the wheel rotates in 1 s is
 - a) π rad b) 5π rad c) 10π rad d) 20π rad
- 18. Identify the increasing order of the angular velocities of the following :
 1.Earth rotating about its own axis
 2.Hour's hand of a clock
 3.Second's hand of a clock
 4. Flywheel of radius 2 m making 300 rpm

 a)
 1, 2, 3, 4
 b)
 2, 3, 4, 1
 c)
 3, 4, 1, 2
 d)
 4, 1, 2, 3
- 19. A ball strikes a horizontal floor at an angle $\theta = 45^{\circ}$. The coefficient of restitution between the ball and the floor is e = 1/2. The fraction of its kinetic energy lost in collision in a) 5/8 b) 3/8 c) 3/4 d) 1/4

20.A force of 200 N acts tangentially on the rim of a wheel 25 cm in radius. Find the torquea)50 Nmb)150 Nmc)75 Nmd)39 Nm

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