





CLASS : XIth DATE : SUBJECT : MATHS DPP NO. :3



8. If in a distribution each x is replaced by corresponding value of f(x), then the probability of getting

5		S	mart DPPs		
COACHING					
$f(x_i)$ when the proba	bility of getting x_i is p_i , is	(1)			
a) p_i	b) $f(p_i)$	c) $f\left(\frac{1}{p_i}\right)$	d) None of these		
9. The distributi	on of a random variable J	Y is given below X – 2 – 10123			
$P(X) \frac{1}{10}$ k The value of k is	$\frac{1}{5}$ 2k $\frac{3}{10}$ k				
a) $\frac{1}{10}$	b) $\frac{2}{10}$	c) $\frac{3}{10}$	d) $\frac{7}{10}$		
10. The probability that a man can hit a target is $3/4$. He tries 5 times. The probability that he will hit the target at least three times is					
a) 291/364	b) 371/464	c) 471/502	d) 459/512		
11. Two cards are drawn from a well shuffled deck of 52 cards. The probability that one is red card and the other is a queen is					
a) 4/51	b) 16/221	c) 50/663	d) None of these		
12. If $4P(A) = 6P(B)$	$= 10P(A \cap B) = 1$, then	$P\left(\frac{B}{A}\right)$ is equal to	19		
a) $\frac{2}{5}$	b) $\frac{5}{5}$	c) $\frac{1}{10}$	d) $\frac{25}{60}$		
13. In a binomial dist a) 5	tribution, the <mark>mean</mark> is 4 and b) 6	nd variance is 3. Then, i c) 4	ts mode is d) None of these		
14. If two events <i>A</i> ar	nd <i>B</i> are such that $P(A^c)$	= 0.3, P(B) = 0.4 and $P(B) = 0.4$	$P(A \cap B^c) = 0.5$, then $P\left[\frac{B}{(A \cup B^c)}\right]$ is		
a) $\frac{1}{2}$	b) $\frac{1}{3}$	c) $\frac{1}{4}$	d) None of these		
15. <i>A</i> and <i>B</i> play a gan both of them win a pr	me where each is asked to ize. The probability that t	o select a number from they will not win a prize	1 to25. If the two numbers match, e in a single trial, is		
a) $\frac{1}{25}$	b) $\frac{24}{25}$	c) $\frac{2}{25}$	d) None of these		
16. A box contains 10 that none is defective	00 bulbs out of which 10 a , is	are defective. A sample	of 5 bulbs is drawn. The probability		
a) $\left(\frac{1}{10}\right)^5$	b) $\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^5$	c) $\left(\frac{9}{10}\right)^5$	d) $\frac{9}{10}$		
17. A random variabl If <i>m</i> is the mean of the	le <i>X</i> can attain only the va	llue 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 with res , then(<i>k, m</i>)is equal to	spective probabilities <i>k</i> , 2 <i>k</i> , 3 <i>k</i> , 2 <i>k</i> , <i>k</i> .		
a) $\left(3,\frac{1}{9}\right)$	b) $\left(\frac{1}{9}, 3\right)$	c) $\left(\frac{1}{8}, 4\right)$	d) (1,3)		
18. A complete cycle	of a traffic light takes 60	s. During each cycle the	e light is green for 25 s, yellow for 5 s		
and red for 30 s. At a 1^{-1}	randomly chosen time, th	e probability that the li	ght will not be green, is		
d) —	D) -	C) —	u) <u>—</u>		

particular girls are included in the committee



20. There are *n* letters and *n* addressed envelopes, the probability that all the letters are not kept in the right envelope, is

a) $\frac{1}{n!}$	b) $1 - \frac{1}{n!}$	c) $1 - \frac{1}{n}$	d) <i>n</i> !
-------------------	-----------------------	----------------------	---------------

