



Class: XIIth **Subject: CHEMISTRY** Date:

DPP No.: 2

Topic :- Electro Chemistry

In electrolytic purification, which of the following is made of impure metal?

a) Anode

- b) Cathode
- c) Both (a) and (b)
- d) None of these
- The specific conductivity of 0.1 N KCl solution is $0.0129 \Omega^{-1}$ cm⁻¹. The resistance of the solution in the cell 100Ω . The cell constant of the cell will be

a) 1.10

b) 1.29

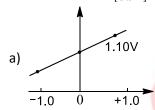
c) 0.56

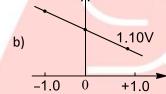
- d) 2.80
- Which graph correctly correlates E_{Cell} as a function of concentrations for the cell (for different values of M and M)?

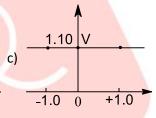
$$\operatorname{Zn}(s) + \operatorname{Cu}^{2+}(M) \to \operatorname{Zn}^{2+}(M') + \operatorname{Cu}(s);$$

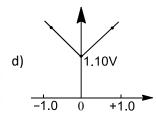
$$E^{\circ}_{\text{Cell}} = 1.10 V$$

 $X - \text{axis} : \log_{10} \frac{[\text{Zn}^{2+}]}{[\text{Cu}^{2+}]}, Y - \text{axis} : E_{\text{Cell}}$









In acidic medium MnO₄ is converted to Mn²⁺. The quantity of electricity in faraday required to reduce $0.5 \text{ mole of } MnO_4^- \text{ to } Mn^{2+} \text{ would be}$

a) 2.5

b) 5

c) 1

d) 0.5

- 5. In electrolysis, oxidation takes place at:
 - a) Anode
 - b) Cathode
 - c) The anode as well as cathode
 - d) The surface of electrolyte solution



A depolariser used in dry cell batteries is:

a) Ammonium chloride b) Manganese dioxide

- c) Potassium hydroxide d) Sodium phosphate
- The $E^{\circ}_{M^{3+}/M^{2+}}$ values for Cr, Mn, Fe and Co are -0.41, +1.57, +0.77 and +1.97 V respectively. For which one of these metals, the change in oxidation state from +2 to +3 is easiest?
 - a) Fe

b) Mn

c) Co

- The standard reduction electrode potential values of the elements A, B and C are + 0.68, -2.50 and -0.50 V respectively. The order of their reducing power is:
 - a) A > B > C
- b) A > C > B
- c) C > B > A
- d) B > C > A

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- 9. The number of electrons involved in the reaction when a faraday of electricity is passed through an electrolyte in solution is :
 - a) 12×10^{46}
- b) 96500
- c) 8×10^{16}
- d) 6.02×10^{23}
- 10. The electrolysis of a solution resulted in the formation of H_2 at the cathode and Cl_2 at the anode. The liquid is:
 - a) Pure water
 - b) H₂SO₄ solution
 - c) NaCl solution in water
 - d) CuCl₂ solution in water
- 11. The passage of electricity in the Daniell cell when Zn and Cu electrodes are connected:
 - a) From Cu to Zn inside the cell
 - b) From Cu to Zn outside the cell
 - c) From Zn to Cu outside the cell
 - d) None of the above
- 12. Ni / Ni²⁺ [1.0 M] || Au³⁺ [1.0 M] / Au where E° for Ni²⁺ /Ni is -0.250 V; and E° for Au³⁺ / Au is 0.150 V. The emf of the cell is
 - a) +1.25 V
- b) -1.75 V
- c) +1.75 V
- d) +0.4 V
- 13. The product obtained at anode when 50% H₂SO₄ aqueous solution is electrolysed using platinum electrodes is
 - a) H_2SO_3
- b) $H_2S_2O_8$
- c) 0_2

d) H₂

- 14. The approximate e.m.f. of a dry cell is:
 - a) 2.0 V

b) 1.2 V

c) 6 V

- d) 1.5 V
- 15. E_1 , E_2 , and E_3 are the emfs of the following three galvanic cells respectively
 - I. $Zn(s) | Zn^{2+}(0.1 \text{ M}) | | Cu^{2+}(1 \text{ M}) | Cu(s)$
 - II. $\operatorname{Zn}(s) | Zn^{2+}(1 \text{ M}) | | \operatorname{Cu}^{2+}(1 \text{ M}) | \operatorname{Cu}(s)$
 - III. $\operatorname{Zn}(s) | Zn^{2+}(1 \text{ M}) | \operatorname{Cu}^{2+}(0.1 \text{ M}) | \operatorname{Cu}(s)$

Which one of the following is true?

- a) $E_2 > E_1 > E_3$
- b) $E_1 > E_2 > E_3$
- c) $E_3 > E_1 > E_2$
- d) $E_3 > E_2 > E_1$
- 16. The fraction of the total current carried by an ion is known as:
 - a) Transport number of that ion
 - b) Conductance of that ion
 - c) Both(a) and (b)
 - d) None of the above
- 17. In a galvanic cell, which is wrong?
 - a) Anode has negative polarity
 - b) Cathode has positive polarity
 - c) Reduction takes place at anode
 - d) Reduction takes place at cathode
- 18. The rusting of iron takes place as follows

$$2H^{+} + 2e^{-} + \frac{1}{2} O_{2} \rightarrow H_{2} O (l);$$

 $E^{\circ} = +1.23 V$



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Fe²⁺ + 2e⁻ \rightarrow Fe (s); $E^{\circ} = -0.44 V$ Calculate ΔG° for the net process.

a) -322 kJ mol^{-1}

b) -161 kJ mol⁻¹

c) -152 kJ mol^{-1}

d) -76 kJ mol^{-1}

19. What weight of copper will be deposited by passing 2 faraday of electricity through a solution of Cu(II) salt?

a) 35.6 g

b) 63.5 g

c) 6.35 g

d) 3.56 g

20. Chlorine cannot displace:

a) Fluorine from NaF

b) Iodine from NaI

c) Bromine from NaBr

d) None of these



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