

DPP

DAILY PRACTICE PROBLEMS

Class : XIth

Date :

Subject : Maths

DPP No. :3

Topic :- Applications of Integrals

- The area of the smaller segment cut off from the circle $x^2 + y^2 = 9$ by $x = 1$ is
 a) $\frac{1}{2}(9 \sec^{-1} 3 - \sqrt{8})$ sq unit
 b) $(9 \sec^{-1}(3) - \sqrt{8})$ sq unit
 c) $(\sqrt{8} - 9 \sec^{-1} 3)$ sq unit
 d) None of these
- The area of the region bounded by $1 - y^2 = |x|$ and $|x| + |y| = 1$ is
 a) $1/3$ sq unit
 b) $2/3$ sq unit
 c) $4/3$ sq unit
 d) 1 sq unit
- The area between the parabola $y^2 = 4ax$ and the line $y = mx$ in square units is
 a) $\frac{5a^2}{3m}$
 b) $\frac{8a^2}{3m^3}$
 c) $\frac{7a^2}{4m^2}$
 d) $\frac{3a^2}{5m}$
- The area bounded by the curves $y = \sin x$ between the ordinates $x = 0, x = \pi$ and the x -axis, is
 a) 2 sq. units
 b) 4 sq. units
 c) 3 sq. units
 d) 1 sq. units
- The area bounded by $|x - 1| \leq 2$ and $x^2 - y^2 = 1$, is
 a) $6\sqrt{2} + \frac{1}{2} \log |3 + 2\sqrt{2}|$
 b) $6\sqrt{2} + \frac{1}{2} \log |3 - 2\sqrt{2}|$
 c) $6\sqrt{2} - \log |3 + 2\sqrt{2}|$
 d) None of these
- The area bounded by $y = \log x$, x -axis and ordinates $x = 1, x = 2$ is
 a) $\frac{1}{2}(\log 2)^2$
 b) $\log(2/e)$
 c) $\log(4/e)$
 d) $\log 4$
- The area bounded by $y = x^2 + 1$ and the tangents to it drawn from the origin, is
 a) $8/3$ sq. units
 b) $1/3$ sq. units
 c) $2/3$ sq. units
 d) None of these
- The area bounded by the x -axis, the curve $y = f(x)$ and the lines $x = 1$ and $x = b$ is equal to $(\sqrt{(b^2 + 1)} - \sqrt{2})$ for all $b > 1$, then $f(x)$ is
 a) $\sqrt{(x - 1)}$
 b) $\sqrt{(x + 1)}$
 c) $\sqrt{(x^2 + 1)}$
 d) $\frac{x}{\sqrt{(1 + x^2)}}$
- The area enclosed between the curves $y = \sin^2 x$ and $y = \cos^2 x$ in the interval $0 \leq x \leq \pi$ is
 a) 2 sq unit
 b) $\frac{1}{2}$ sq unit
 c) 1 sq unit
 d) None of these
- The area bounded by $y = \sin^{-1} x, x = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$ and x -axis is
 a) $\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} + 1\right)$ sq units
 b) $\left(1 - \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\right)$ sq units
 c) $\frac{\pi}{4\sqrt{2}}$ sq units
 d) $\left(\frac{\pi}{4\sqrt{2}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} - 1\right)$ sq units
- The area between the curves $x = -2y^2$ and $x = 1 - 3y^2$, is
 a) $4/3$
 b) $3/4$
 c) $3/2$
 d) $2/3$
- The area of the region bounded by $y = |x - 1|$ and $y = 3 - |x|$, is
 a) 2
 b) 3
 c) 4
 d) 1
- The area bounded by $y = [x]$ and the two ordinates $x = 1$ and $x = 1.7$ is
 a) $\frac{17}{10}$
 b) 1
 c) $\frac{17}{5}$
 d) $\frac{7}{10}$



14. Line $x = 1$ divides A enclosed by circle $x^2 + y^2 = 16$ in two portions A_1 and A_2 ($A_1 > A_2$), then $\frac{A_1}{A_2}$ is
a) 4 b) 3 c) 2 d) None of these
15. The area enclosed by the curve $\frac{x^2}{25} + \frac{y^2}{16} = 1$ is
a) 10π sq unit b) 20π sq unit c) 5π sq unit d) 4π sq unit
16. The area of the figure bounded by the curve $|y| = 1 - x^2$ is
a) $2/3$ b) $4/3$ c) $8/3$ d) $-5/3$
17. The area enclosed within the curve $|x| + |y| = 1$ is
a) 1 sq unit b) $2\sqrt{2}$ sq units c) $\sqrt{2}$ sq units d) 2 sq units
18. The area bounded by the parabola $y^2 = 4ax$ and $x^2 = 4ay$, is
a) $\frac{8a^3}{3}$ b) $\frac{16a^2}{3}$ c) $\frac{32a^2}{3}$ d) $\frac{64a^2}{3}$
19. The area enclosed between the curves $y = ax^2$ and $x = ay^2$ ($a > 0$) is 1 sq unit. Then value of a is
a) $\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}$ b) $\frac{1}{2}$ c) 1 d) $\frac{1}{3}$
20. The area bounded by the curves $y = x^3$ and $y = x$ is
a) $1/2$ sq units b) $1/4$ sq units c) $1/8$ sq units d) $1/16$ sq units

